

Descriptive Analysis of an Active Tuberculosis Investigation in an Urban Congregate Setting: Case Study for Policy Consideration



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- People with TB and their communities
 - Tuberculosis team
 - Surveillance team
 - Integrated TB Services



Life in a Rooming House



“Hearing, smelling and experiencing neighbours is part of life in a rooming house.”



KEY LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Understanding of tuberculosis contact management challenges

Awareness of opportunities and implications for practice in non-traditional settings and populations.



Tuberculosis Contact Investigations



Why?

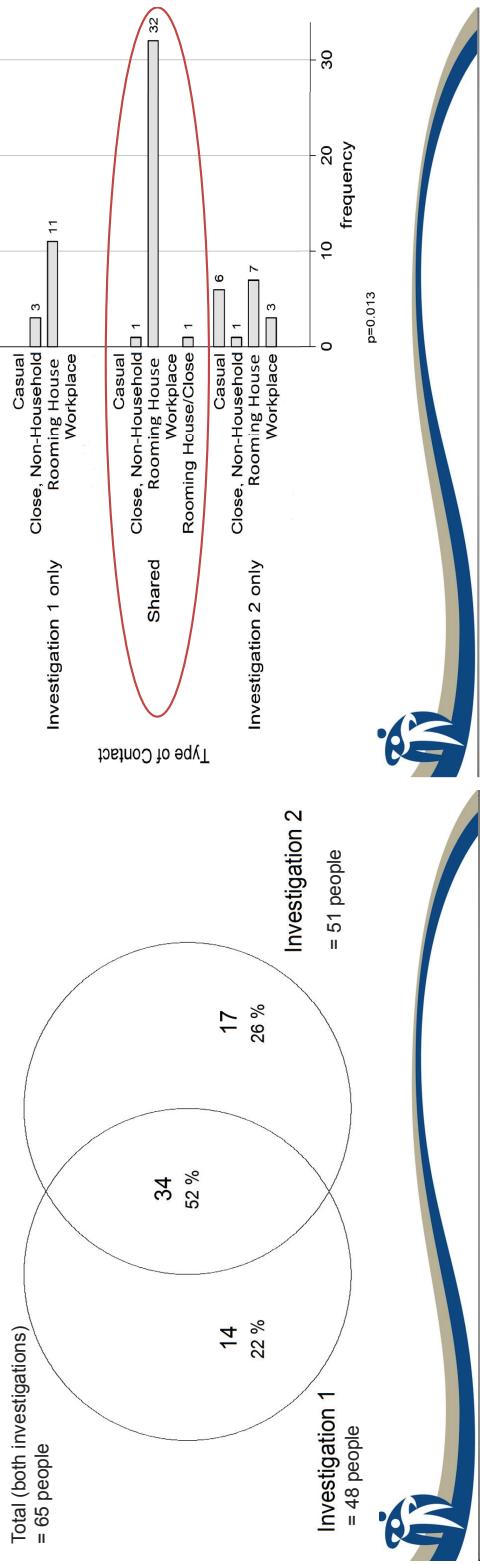
- Find and treat TB disease
- Find TB infection and offer preventive treatment

How did the it unfold?

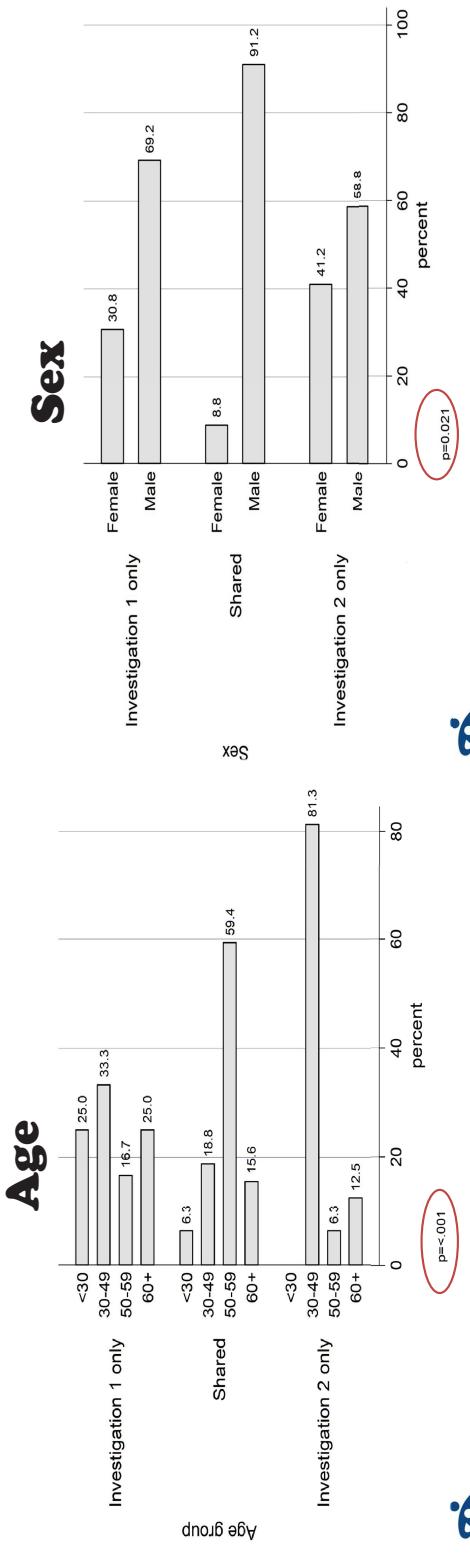
Person 1 1 st Case	Contacts	Person 2 2 nd Case
TB respiratory disease diagnosis	Closest contacts identified	Assessment, sputum collection, tuberculin skin test
Assessment with start of contact list	Planning contact assessments for appropriate timeframe after exposure	Referred: Latent TB Infection
Individual consents to landlord proxy interview	Chest x-ray suspicious for respiratory TB disease	Chest x-ray suspicious for respiratory TB disease
Reset 8-week post-exposure date	Clinical decisions	TB respiratory disease diagnosis
Site-based assessment of contacts		

Contact Investigation Results

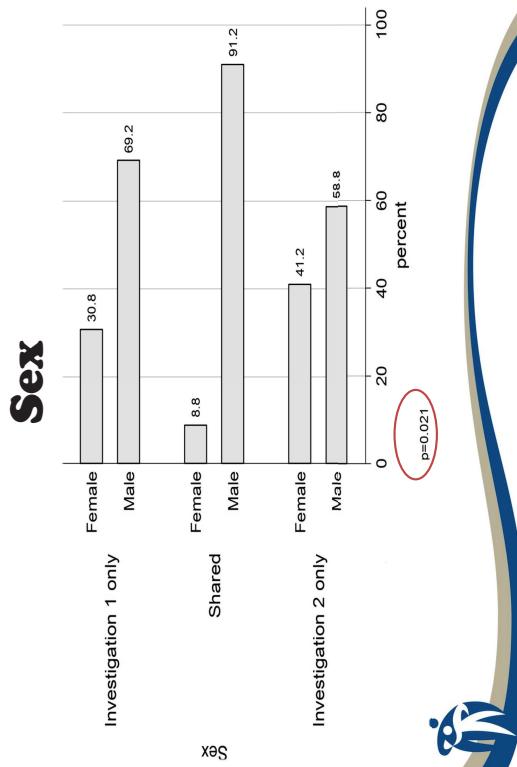
Type of Contact



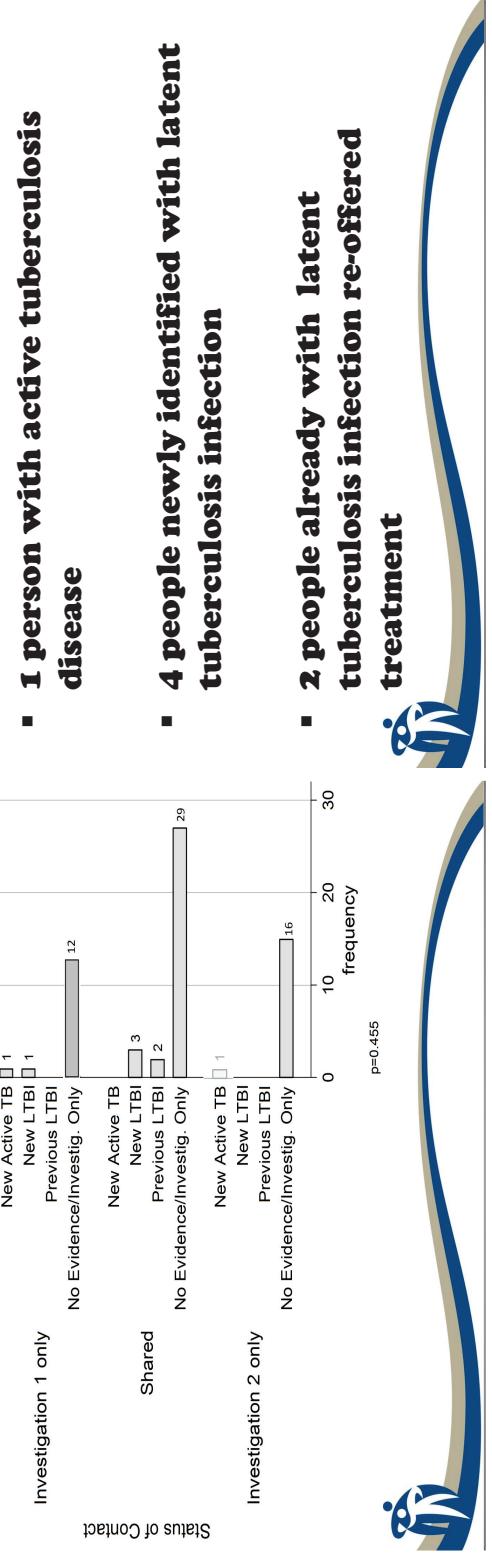
Age



Sex



Outcome



**What good
is an idea if it
remains an idea?
Try.
Experiment.
Iterate. Fail.
Try again.
Change
the world.**

**Challenges, Opportunities and
Potential Implications**

