

Partners in Inner-City Integrated Prenatal Care (PIIPC): A social marketing initiative to increase awareness of the importance of prenatal care and where to access care among Winnipeg's inner-city women.

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- To demonstrate the role that Community Health Nurses can have as leaders in building capacity of community members and in promoting community development through partnerships, and
- . To show how nurses may become involved in grassroots initiatives that influence change (including health system change) in innovative ways.

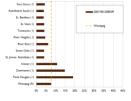


Background

Canadian Maternity Experiences Survey

- Manitoba had the highest proportion of women (18.6%) who reported not getting prenatal care as early as they wanted
- Manitoba had the second highest proportion of women who initiated prenatal care after the first trimester

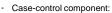
quate Prenatal Care, by Winnipeg Community Area (Using R-GINDEX)





Research study: Factors associated with inadequate PNC among inner-city women in Winnipeg

- Mixed methods study
- January 2007- January 2010



- Postpartum/LDRP units of the two tertiary care hospitals in Winnipeg
- Recruited inner-city women who had given birth to a live infant
- Women with inadequate PNC (n=202) Women with adequate PNC (n=406)
- Qualitative component
- Interviews with 26 women and 26 health care providers
- Investigators: M.Heaman, M. Moffatt, L. Elliott, W. Sword, M. Helewa; Collaborators: L. Tjaden, P. Gregory, C. Cook



Sample Characteristics: Case-control component



Characteristic	Adequate PNC n (%)	Inadequate PNC n (%)	Chi- square p value
Single/divorced/separated	112 (27.7)	121 (60.2)	<.001
Immigrant	90 (22.3)	3 (1.5)	<.001
First Nations	113 (28.0)	147 (73.5)	<.001
Family Income <=\$29,999	168 (44.6)	161 (88.0)	<.001
Smoked during pregnancy	113 (28.4)	155 (78.3)	<.001
Used illicit drugs	32 (7.9)	78 (39.0)	<.001
Abused during pregnancy	25 (6.3)	31 (15.5)	<.001
Unhappy about being pregnant	105 (25.9)	98 (48.5)	<.001
No regular HCP before pregnancy	121 (29.8)	126 (62.7)	<.001
No prenatal care	0	30 (14.9)	<.001

Barriers and Motivators to Prenatal Care for Inner-City Women

Barriers

- . Not knowing where to get PNC; not able to get appointment
- Problems with transportation or childcare
- · Hours at clinic not convenient; lengthy waiting time
- . No perceived need or value in attending PNC
- Can take care of herself during pregnancy; get advice from family/friends
- · Family and personal problems
- Being under stress; being depressed
- Moving a lot
- · Worried about baby being apprehended by CFS
- · Thinking about having an abortion

Motivators

"to have a healthy baby"



Suggestions for facilitating access to and use of prenatal care

- From Women
 - · Closer proximity of prenatal care
 - · Providing transportation to prenatal services
 - Tangible rewards, individualized care, respectful caregivers
- From Health Care Providers
 - · Establish community-based PNC/clinics
 - · Increase public awareness of PNC
 - Expand midwifery services
 - Drop-in elements to PNC
 - · Multidisciplinary "one-stop" shop



Knowledge Translation

 The research team hosted a "Knowledge Translation" workshop on May 6, 2010 with 70 participants



- Presented results to several other groups
- Formed a Steering Committee to identify priorities for an intervention project



Canadian Institutes of Health Research PHSI grant: Reducing inequities in access to and use of prenatal care in the Winnipeg health region through health system improvement (4/2012 - 3/2015)



Partners in Inner-city Integrated Prenatal Care

Four Initiatives

- Community-based prenatal care initiative
- Incorporating midwifery services at 6 Healthy Baby/Healthy Start sites
- Street outreach initiative
 - Street Connections; Women's Hospital; Triage Unit; midwifery program
- Facilitated access initiative
 Direct referral to Midwives or Obstetricians at Women's Hospital OPC; Incentives and enablers
- Social marketing initiative



Evaluation Strategies

- Population level:
- Before and after rates of inadequate prenatal care in the 3 community areas
- Mixed methods approach:
 - Structured questionnaires
 - Health record reviews
- Qualitative interviews with women and health care providers
- Replicate our previous study (Knight, Morris & Heaman, JOGC, 2014)
 - Determine if number of women presenting to obstetrical triage unit with no prenatal care has decreased



Development of Working Group

- Social Marketing was **one** initiative
- August 2012: Social Marketing Working Group formed
- Target areas: Point Douglas (North end), Downtown and Inkster
- · Fall of 2012 to June of 2015
- ChangeMakers



The Working Group

- Lea Mutch (CNS, PPH, WRHA)
- Darlene Girard (Team Manager-Healthy Parenting & Early Childhood Development, WRHA)
- Ms. Tamara Hes (Program & Policy Consultant, Healthy Baby Program-Healthy Child Manitoba)
- Ms. Hedy Heppenstall (RN, Population and Public Health, WRHA)
- Ms. Lisa Merrill (Clinical Nurse Specialist, Women's Health Program, WRHA)
- Ms. Kim Bailey (Team Manager, Healthy Sexuality & Harm Reduction, WRHA)
- Ms. Margaret Bryans (Mothering Project, Program Manager, Mount Carmel Clinic)
- Mr. Joel Voth (Client Services Manager- ChangeMakers Marketing Communication)
- Ms. Lynda Tjaden (Principal Knowledge User/Decision Maker)
- Dr. Maureen Heaman (Principal Investigator) and
- Zorina Marzan Chang (Project Coordinator).



Stakeholder Involvement











Social Marketing Initiative: The Journey

- · Target audiences
 - Primary women of childbearing age
 - · Secondary family, friends, peers
 - · Tertiary health care providers (in WHR)
- · Communications Goals
 - Increase knowledge of prenatal care and importance in a healthy pregnancy
 - Decrease perception around the barriers to access
 - · Increase rates of adequate prenatal care
- Key Messages
- Early and regular care during pregnancy is important
- There are prenatal care sites offering free, welcoming care close to your home and/or work
- close to your home and/or work

 You may be eligible for supports to help have a healthy pregnancy and access care during pregnancy.



The Journey (Phase I of 3)

• Phase 1: February 11, 2013 - April 8, 2013

Tactic Notes

- · Brand development
- Pregnancy passport
- Website
- · Transit shelters
- Radio advertising
- · Community posters
- Phone line (942-BABY)



Logo Development and Campaign Title





Posters and Postcards



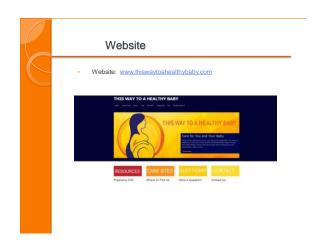


Early and regular care during pregnancy is important!

Intercept of the shall care for you shall care for your shall your shall care for your shall you shall care for your shall you shall yo

















Ongoing Evaluation

- Research
- Focus Groups
- ChangeMakers
 - Phone-line
 - Website



Social Marketing Working Group

What women said they liked

20 (25.6)

43 (55.1)

65 (83.3)

5 (6.4)

5 (6.4)

22 (28.2)

- Prenatal care was convenient and coordinated
- Flexible scheduling

about PIIPC

Type of advertising

Mapping poster (bus shelters)

Poster with list of

Poster advertising

Website/online

phone line Radio ads

Pamphlet

- Easier to get to appointments: Got help with making appointments and help with transportation (facilitators)
- Incentives (food vouchers, pregnancy passport)
- Women liked the sections in the pregnancy passport on "Tell us what you need", space for ultrasound photo, list of resources

Preliminary Feedback on Social Marketing:

Do you remember seeing or hearing any advertising about pregnancy and PNC or accessing a website that included the words "This way to a healthy baby"? Yes n=73 (83.0%)

18

19

Λ

14

18

Λ

- Care providers: helpful, caring, understanding, more personal, concerned, reassuring, available, respectful, nonjudgmental
- Positive Outcomes
 - Preplanning with CFS
 - Recognize importance of prenatal care

"How did the program affect me? It showed me tha [prenatal care] was important. It...helped me to make it an important part of my life, [and] that I had to look after my baby." (G3P3)

Qualitative component

- · Qualitative description (Sandelowski, 2000)
- · Purposeful and maximum variation sampling
- · In-depth individual interviews with 22 women (PIIPC participants) and 26 health care providers
 - Women: age 18-40, parity 1-9, years education 8-15, prenatal visits 5-17, majority were single and First Nations or
 - HCPs: 4 physicians, 4 midwives, 7 nurses, 6 social workers, 5 other
- · Interviews were audio recorded and transcribed
- Content analysis was used to identify themes and sub-themes arising from the data
- Quotes are used to illustrate themes/sub-themes



Feedback on Social Marketing Strategies

- Recognizable
- Associated with pregnancy
- [What made client look at the poster] "Actually the picture of the pregnant woman and the color of it because it's bright. Yah, really stood out, the color was bright" (G8P5)
- "I seen the posters there and then I recognized them because the symbol of the women on the front of my passport appears on the posters as well. Yeah that's how I recognized, that's how I actually stopped and looked and related them together." (G6P5)
- "The pregnant belly on the woman, just her holding onto her stomach like that draws you in if you're expecting." (G3P3)



Feedback on Social Marketing Strategies

- Exposure (what they saw and heard)
- Positive Impact
 - POSITIVE IMPACT
 We also have PIIPC clients who are referred by a former PIIPC clients... I overheard
 that this young woman was telling her friend about the PIIPC project and she ended
 up bringing her to the bus stop... Then that serves as a tool of education and I think
 the friend told her friend who was a potential candidate that you know what it's a really
 good project they really support you, ...I's really cool to have a bunch of people
 helping you throughout the process and they found a poster so at least the other
 person could identify what she was talking about and her friend ended up becoming a
 PIIPC project client or participant and she also had from my understanding if I can
 remember she also had a good experience." (Social Worker)
- RECOMMENDATIONS:
 - Location for posters
 - Tear off sheet/ pamphlets
 - "Word of Mouth"
 - Community outreach and promotions
 - Peer promoters
 - Facebook



What else have we found?

PIIPC clients- saw the need and the value of attending

Comparison of PIIPC clients to women with inadequate PNC (cases) in previous study

Barriers "Did you have difficulty in getting PNC or not go for some of your visits because"	Cases* in "Factors" study; N=202 n (%)	PIIPC clients ** N=89 n (%)
Go to ER or triage when problems occur	72 (35.8)	13 (14.6)
Can take care of self during pregnancy	103 (51.2)	13 (14.6)
Receive advice about pregnancy from family/friends	72 (35.8)	13 (14.6)
Do not think you need PNC	50 (24.9)	8 (9.0)

*Cases are women with inadequate PNC in the study, "Factors associated with inadequate PNC among inner-city women". **Based on preliminary data from women who participated in structured questionnaire for PIIPC

Website Activity

	Phase I Feb I – Apr 8 2013	Phase 2 To Apr I 2014
Visits	406	1034 (628 new)
Unique visitors	266	671
Repeat visits	120	363
Av page views	4.55	3.91
Av time on site	3:50	3:11

The Journey (Final Phase)

Phase 3: May 1, 2015 - present

Tactic Notes

- Video
- Facebook page
- Community posters



Facebook Video Advertisements

- 131,310 video views - 120,838 total reach

Video

http://www.thiswaytoahealthybaby.com/enter-the-contest/

This Way to a Healthy Baby Contest Entry

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DK-IIA1rAJ4
- https://www.facebook.com/thiswaytoahealthybaby/videos/vb.164 4123702465727/1644901915721239/?type=2&theater

Phase 3 Evaluation

Stat	April 1,2015	To June 18, 2015
Website visits	1108 (74 new visits)	1268 (160 new visits)
Unique visitors	731	889
Repeat visitors	377	379
Average page views	3.74	3.57
Average time on site	2.59	2.50

2015 Social Media Statistics

- 162 Facebook page likes 4,981 engagements/interactions

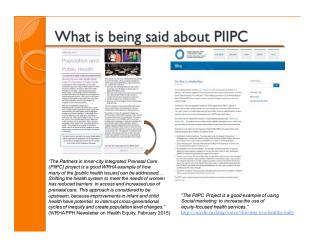
Facebook Page Posts

- 26 page posts
- 53 likes, shares, comments
- 560 video impressions from posts 60 video views from posts

What is being said about PIIPC Free Press - PRINT EDITION

Help for moms and little ones





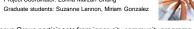
Lessons Learned

- Strength in diversity
- Community is key to success
- Constant visibility
- Flexibility
- Role of Community Health Nurses in social marketing

Acknowledgements CHRISCO



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- CIHR PHSI grant: Reducing inequities in access to and use of prenatal care in the Winnipeg health region through health system improvement (\$400,000, 4/2012 3/2015)
- · Other PIIPC funding: MHRC, WRHA, Healthy Child Manitoba
- Research Team:
 - Investigators: Maureen Heaman (PI), Michael Helewa, Michael Moffatt, Lawrence Elliott, Salah Mahmud, Wendy Sword, Dawn Kingston
 - Knowledge Users: Lynda Tjaden (Principal KU), Patricia Gregory, Margaret Morris, Margaret Kozlowski, Wanda Phillips-Beck, Catherine Cook, George Carson, Jan Sanderson, Marisa Cicero, Lauranne Matheson, Karen Herd
- Working Group Members and Advisory Committee
 - Chairs: Lisa Merrill, Kelly Klick, Darlene Girard, Lea Mutch
 - Project Coordinator: Zorina Marzan Chang







For more information on PIIPC:

Winnipeg Regional Health Authority website:

http://www.wrha.mb.ca/community/publichealth/piipc/

Consumer website:

www.thiswaytoahealthybaby.com

