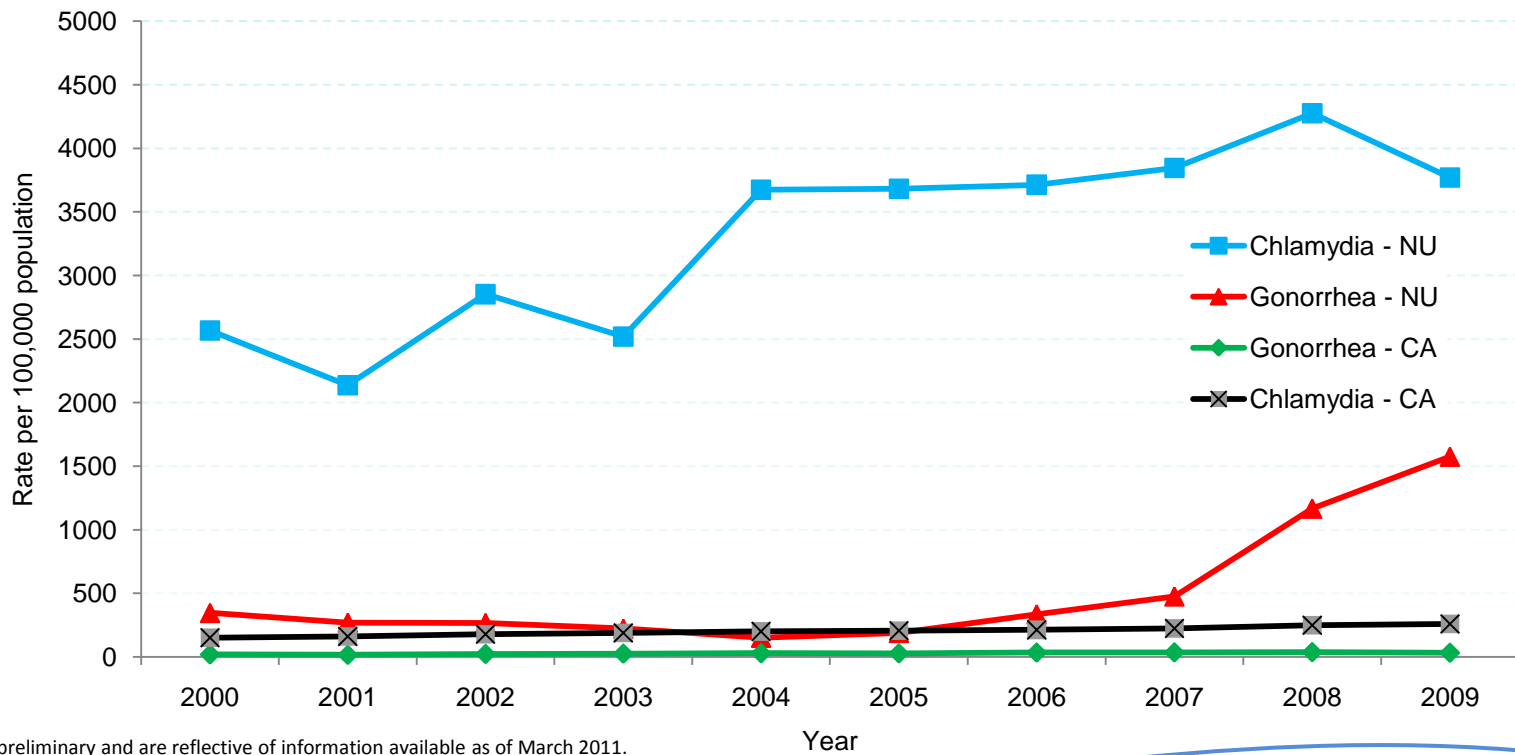


Sexual Health in Nunavut

- Gaps in sexual/reproductive health education and sexually transmitted infection prevention activities
- Highest rates of Gonorrhoea and Chlamydia in Canada



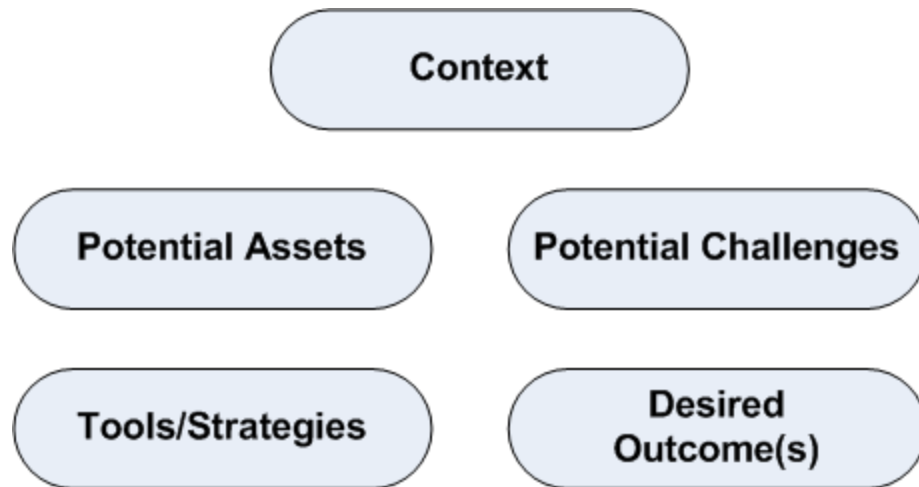
1. Data are preliminary and are reflective of information available as of March 2011.

2. Data source is the Public Health Agency of Canada, Hepatitis C and STI Surveillance and Epidemiology Section.

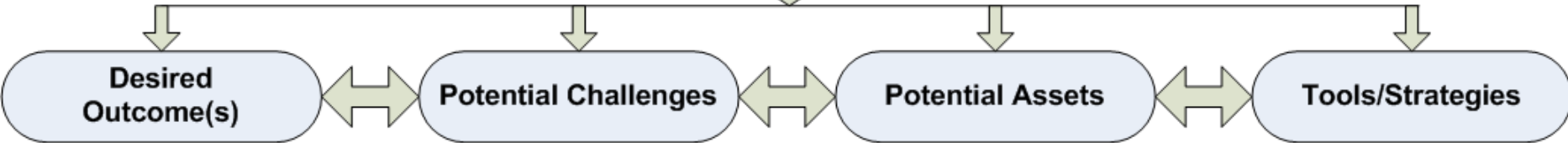
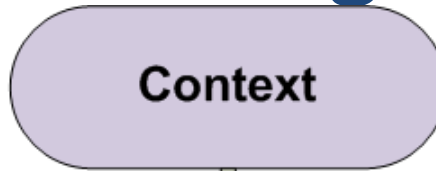
Sexual Health in Nunavut

- Government of Nunavut Sexual Health Program
Coordinator position staffed in collaboration with the
Public Health Agency of Canada
- Departmental goal established to develop a Sexual Health
Strategy
- Fostering a positive lens approach
- Core component = networking/partnerships/collaboration

Can explicit investigation of the context, potential challenges and assets assist nurses to identify strategies/tools to achieve desired outcome(s)?



Nunavut Planning Framework



Increased networking / collaboration and partnerships for developing a sexual health strategy

- Geographic isolation
- Cost of travel
- Weather
- Regional representation
- Unreliable communication infrastructure (i.e. file sharing internet)
- Transient workforce population
- Workloads/ available time
- Lack of ongoing networking centered on sexual health
- Differing organizational / community priorities
- Lack of funding
- "Drain" based on failed attempts
- Timelines
- Translation

- Organizations / community stakeholders with identified sexual health priorities (i.e. Inuit organizations)
- Organizations / community stakeholders with capacity in sexual health (i.e. nurses)
- Advisory Committee
- Existing sexual health networks (i.e. Inuit HIVAIDS network)
- Alternative communication infrastructure (i.e. tele-health)
- Inuit Culture (i.e. traditional values)
- Sexual health program coordinator
- Newly identified potential sources of funding
- Evidence of successful networking in Nunavut

- Networking map
- External advisors
- Terms of reference
- Front-line nursing knowledge for decision making
- Senior management briefing
- Mobilizing external territory partners with expertise or resources
- Communication methods (i.e. phone, face to face/tele-health)
- Strategic communication
- Iqaluit-based vs. community-based strategies (i.e. individual contacts)
- Incorporation of traditional Inuit values/customs
- Financial planning (plan A vs. plan B)
- Documenting successful networking in Nunavut
- Go to the youth (utilize school venue)
- SWOT analysis

